Annual Financial Report December 31, 2010

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date // (3//)

Annual Report December 31, 2010

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

This discussion and analysis of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

- Net assets or our governmental activities increased by \$128,399 including restating net assets by \$29,366 for a prior period adjustment.
- As a result of this year's operations, assets exceeded liabilities by \$418,337 (net assets).
- Total spending for all governmental activities was \$855,183 for the year, which was \$76,821 less than the program revenues of \$932,004.
- The governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$370,511 of which all was considered unreserved.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-Wide Financial Statements) provide information about the governmental activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the finances. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds (Fund Financial Statements) tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Other Supplemental Information is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Annual Report.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about finances is, "Is the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information as a whole and about activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

These two statements report the net assets and changes in them. You can think of net assets—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State laws. The City Court of Houma, Louisiana uses only the governmental type of fund with the following accounting approach. Most of the basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AS A WHOLE (GWFS)

Net assets increased by \$128,399, as stated before, including an adjustment to beginning net assets for a prior period adjustment of \$29,366. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—absorbed the increase this year. The balance in net assets represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

Our analysis focuses on the net assets (Table A) and changes in net assets (Table B) of the governmental-type activities:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Table A
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

				Total
			Dollar	Percent
	2009	2010	Change	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 358,759	\$ 438,191	\$ 79,432	22.1%
Capital Assets	40,347	47,826	7,479	18.5%
Total Assets	399,106	486,017	86,911	21.8%
Current Liabilities	109,168	67,680	(41,488)	38.0%
Invested in Capital Assets	40,347	47,826	7,479	18.5%
Unrestricted	249,591	370,511	120,920	48.4%
Total Net Assets	\$ 289,938	\$ 418,337	\$ 128,399	44.3%

Program revenues for the governmental activities increased by \$88,062 a little more than 10%, while expenses decreased slightly by \$3,688. General revenues consisting of interest earned and other miscellaneous revenue also decreased slightly by \$3,842.

Table B
Condensed Statement of Activities

	2009	2010	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Total program expenses	\$(858,871)	\$(855,183)	\$ (3,688)	-0.4%
Total program revenues	843,942	932,004	88,062	10.4%
Net program income	(14,929)	76,821	91,750	614.6%
General revenues	26,054	22,212	(3,842)	14.7%
Change in Net Assets	11,125	99,033	87,908	-790.2%
Net Assets:				
Beginning of the year	278,813	319,304	40,491	14.5%
End of the year	\$ 289,938	\$ 418,337	\$ 128,399	44.3%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (FFS)

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at individual funds helps you consider whether the Court is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also give you more insight into the overall financial health.

The general fund, reported an ending fund balance of \$370,511. This increase is primarily the result of the events and programs described within the analysis of the governmental activities. Total revenues decreased approximately \$85,000 or 10%. Current expenditures for judicial activities were \$841,259 a slight increase from the prior year by 1%. Capital outlay equaled \$21,403, an increase from amounts expended last year.

The agency funds are composed mainly of cash for fines and fees collected for amounts due to others from these collections. The Civil Cost Fund is the largest of the agency funds with approximately \$835,000 in cash and amounts held for future disposition. The Criminal Cost Fund reflects approximately \$118,019 in cash and funds held for future disposition. The Bond Fund reflects approximately \$30,000 in cash and bonds held for future disposition.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for the General Fund was revised during the year as summarized below.

Originally budgeted revenues	\$ 1,003,116
Increases (decreases) were provided for:	
A decrease in fees revenue	(63,285)
A decrease in intergovernmental revenue	(3)
A decrease in miscellaneous and interest	(1,997)
Final budgeted revenues	\$ 937,831

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Originally budgeted expenditures	\$ 961,392
Increases (decreases) were provided for:	
A decrease in amount reimbursed to TPCG	(66,552)
A decrease in the amount transferred to TPCG for Building Fund	(8,756)
An increase in salaries and benefits	3,735
A decrease in other current expenditures	(18,560)
A decrease in capital outlay	(8,598)
Final budgeted expenditures	\$862,661

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$323,500, for governmental activities at year-end were \$47,826. This year there was \$21,403 of additions to capital assets. Depreciation of \$13,924 was recorded on capital assets. More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

DEBT

At year-end, the City Court of Houma had no debt outstanding.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Many factors were considered when budgeting for the current fiscal year. Possible new laws and regulations, increased rates and fees that would be charged were all considered. Historically, the office staff and costs remain stable and should continue to do so. The Terrebonne Parish Council in their current operating budget absorbs some capital asset purchases and other operating expenses. If these estimates remain consistent, the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's General Fund balance is expected to decrease accordingly by the close of 2011. Highlights of next year's adopted budget for the general fund include:

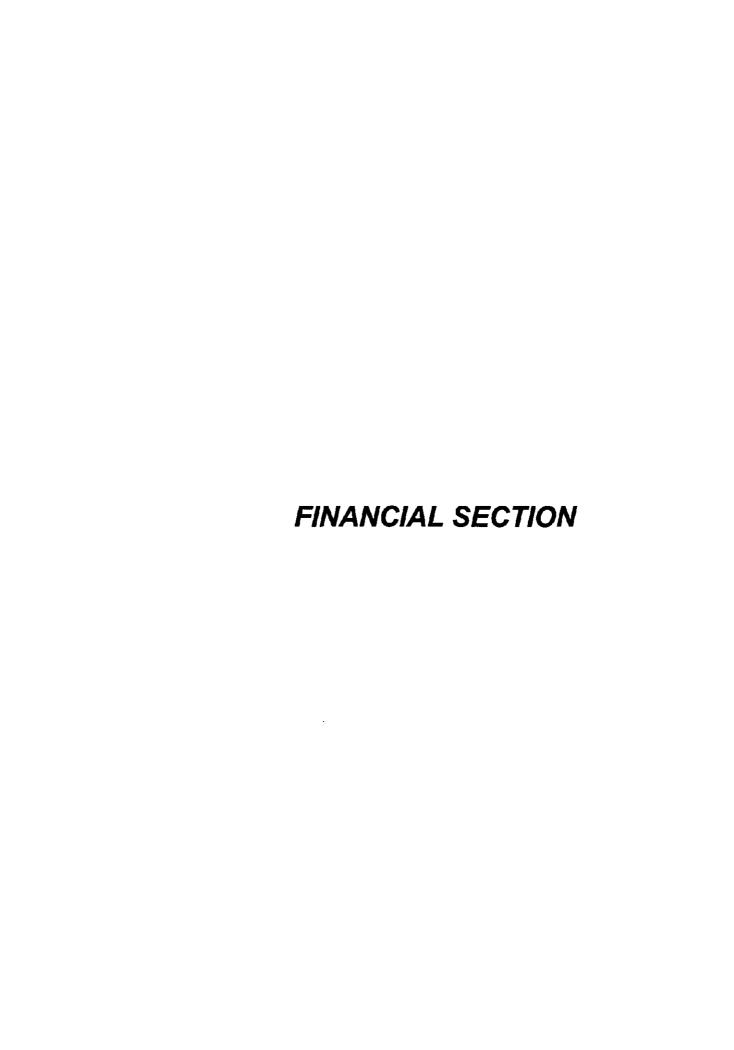
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

2011 Condensed Sum Budgeted Finance	
Anticipated revenues	\$881,014
Expenditures:	
Current	842,860
Capital outlay	18,000
Anticipated expenditures	860,860
Excess of revenues	20,154
Fund Balance:	
Beginning of the year	324,761
End of the year	\$344,915

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's finances and to show accountability for the money it received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Mr. Douglas Holloway, Court Administrator 8046 Main Street Houma, LA 70360 Phone 985-868-4232





STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana, a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of City Court of Houma's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Statements, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as of December 31, 2010 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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MEMBERS: AICPA . LCPA

To the Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge City Court of Houma, Louisiana

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 17, 2011, on our consideration of the City Court of Houma's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Stagni & Company
Thibodaux, Louisiana
March 17, 2011

Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities
December 31, 2010

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 247,006
Investments	139,197
Restitution Receivable	6,950
Fees & costs receivable	45,038
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	 47,826
TOTAL ASSETS	486,017
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	8,596
Due to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Govt	 59,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 67,680
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	47,826
Unrestricted	 <u> 370,511</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 418,337

TERREBONNE PARISH, LOUISIANA CITY COURT OF HOUMA

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

			•				Net	
	ſ	į	Program Revenue	venue		ښ.	(Expense)	
	Expenses	Charges	Charges for services Operating Grants	Opera	ting Grants	۳	Revenue	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Judicial activities:	\$855,183	₩.	889,383	₩	42,621	↔	76,821	
Total governmental activities	855,183		889,383		42,621		76,821	
	GENERAL REVENUES	VENUES						
	Miscellaneous						2,295	
	Interest earned						19,917	
	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	SAL REVE	NUES			}	22,212	
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	ET ASSET	ည				66,033	
	NET ASSETS:							
	Beginning of year, restated End of year	ar, restate	Þ			ક્ક	319,304 418,337	

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund - General Fund December 31, 2010

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	247,006
Investments		139,197
Restitution Recievable		6,950
Fees & Costs Receivable		45,038
Total assets	•	438,191
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		8,596
Due to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Govt		59,084
Total liabilities		67,680
FUND BALANCE		
Fund balance - unreserved, undesignated		370 <u>,5</u> 11
Total fund balance		370,511
Amounts reported for governmental activities in		
the statement of net assets are different		
because:		
Control accepts we add to many amount of a still little a suc- make		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the		
funds.		47,826
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	418,337
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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Criminal fees	\$ 237,749
Juvenile fees	117,643
Civil fees	368,495
Building fees	165,496
Intergovernmental revenue	42,621
Miscellaneous:	
Interest	19,917
Other	2,29 5_
Total revenues	<u>954,216</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Reimbursement to Terrebonne	
Parish Consolidated Government	372,060
Transfer to Parish for Building Fund	165,496
Salaries and employee benefits	70,167
Office supplies	35,173
Postage	22,082
Law books, dues and publications	7,553
Professional services	54,375
Travel, education and seminars	43,706
Telecommunications	13,331
Uniform and clothing allowance	6,287
Insurance	2,490
Equipment repairs and maintenance	25,474
Miscellaneous	23,065
Total current expenditures	841,259
Capital outlay	21,403
Total expenditures	862,662
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	91,554
FUND BALANCES	
Beginning of year	249,591
Fund Balance - adjustment	29,366
Beginning of year, restated	278,957
End of year	\$ 370,511
-)	

Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances (FFS) to the Statement of Activities (GWFS) For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds (FFS)	\$	91,554
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays 21,403		
Depreciation (13,924)	<u>_</u>	
Change in net assets - governmental activities (GWFS)	\$	7,479 99,033

CITY COURT OF HOUMA TERREBONNE PARISH, L'OUISIANA

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds December 31, 2010

		CIVII	Criminal					
		Cost	Cost		Bond			
		Fund	Fund		Fund		Totals	
ASSETS								
Cash Investments	υ	317,285 520,381	\$ 53,765 64,254	\	29,916	↔	400,966 584,635	
Total assets	so	837,666	\$ 118,019	₩.	29,916	S	985,601	
LIABILITIES								
Bonds held for future disposition Civil funds held for future disposition Criminal funds held for future disposition	⇔	837,666	\$ - 118,019	↔	29,916	↔	29,916 837,666 118,019	
Total liabilities	ક્ક	837,666	\$ 118,019	€	29,916	ક્ક	985,601	

See notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

INTRODUCTION

The City Court of Houma is organized under the Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1872. The City Court is a limited jurisdiction court handling civil suits up to \$20,000, adult misdemeanors and juvenile proceedings. The Honorable Judge of the City Court of Houma is an elected official whose current term ends December 31, 2014.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The Judge of the City Court of Houma is an independently elected official. However, the City Court of Houma is fiscally dependent on the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government for office space, courtrooms, and related utility costs, as well as partial funding of salary costs.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the City Court of Houma and do not present information on the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis whereby a separate self-balancing set of accounts is maintained for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The various funds in the financial statements in this report are grouped into two broad categories as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Type

Governmental funds account for all or most of the general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources that may be used to finance future period programs or operations. The following are the governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in fund financial statements, are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (Continued)

The amounts reflected in the fund financial statements, use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The court considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues – Court fines and fees and interest are recorded when earned and measurable.

Expenditures – The major expenditures of salaries and benefits, and court processing and clerk fees are recorded when the salary is earned and payable or when the fees are incurred

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements display information as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed).

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the column labeled Statement of Activities are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues.

E. Budgets

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana presents, adopts and amends an operating budget for the general fund as required by the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act. The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget presented in the Budget Comparison Schedule shows the original and final amended budgets for the year.

The City Court of Houma does not utilize encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in the fund general ledgers.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Under state law, the Houma City Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. City Court of Houma's cash includes amounts in regular and savings accounts.

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:2955. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. State law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit of state or national banks having their principal office in Louisiana or any other federally insured investment.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments (continued)

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana may invest idle funds as authorized by Louisiana Statutes, as follows:

- (a) United States bonds, treasury notes, certificates, or any other federally insured investments.
- (b) Time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana.
- (c) Mutual or trust funds, which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Security Act of 1933 and the Investment Act of 1940 and which have underlying investments consisting solely of and limited to securities of the United States government or its agencies.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The court maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

-	Estimated
<u>Description</u>	Lives
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years

H. Compensated Absences

All individuals who work at the City Court of Houma are primarily employees of the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government; therefore, no liability for compensated absences is recorded in these financial statements. Vacation and sick leave do not accumulate.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Any designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The year-end balances of deposits are as follows:

	Bank	Reported
	Balances _	Amount
Cash	\$718,906	\$647,972
Certificates of		
Deposit	400,000	400,000
Totals	\$1,118,906	\$1,047,972

State law requires deposits (cash & certificates of deposit) be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes the FDIC/FSLIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished, as security must be held by the political subdivision or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the political subdivision. In accordance with state law all cash and deposits were collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 2 Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2010, \$164,872 of the City Court's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the City Court's name.

At year-end, cash and certificates of deposit in excess of the FDIC insurance were collateralized by securities held by unaffiliated banks for the account of depositors. The GASB, which promulgates the standards for accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments, considers these securities subject to custodial credit risk. Even though the pledged securities are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Statement 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the district that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

A reconciliation of deposits reported on the financial statements follows:

	Reported .
Cash – governmental fund	\$247,006
CD – governmental fund	100,000
Cash – agency funds	400,966
Certificates of deposit – agency funds	300,000
Totals	\$1,047,972

Investments

State statues authorize investing in obligations of the US Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; guaranteed investment contracts and investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic corporations; repurchase agreements; and the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP).

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 2 Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2010 investments and maturities were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Matures in less than 1 year	Investment Matures in 1 to 5 years
US Government Securities Fund	\$124,108	\$124,108	
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities	189,742		189,742
Government Money Funds	9,982	9,982	
Certificates of Deposit	400,000	300,000	100,000
Totals	\$723,832	\$434,090	\$289,742

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City Court will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because of their natural diversification and the diversification required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Total reconciliation of investments as shown reported on the financial statements is as follows:

	Reported Amount
Investments – governmental fund	\$139,197
Investments – agency funds	584,635
Totals	\$723,832

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 3 Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity for the year is as follows:

Governmental S Activities	Beginning, Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Furniture and Equipment	\$349,923	\$21,403	\$0	\$371,326
Less accumulated		Ψ21,403	ΨΟ_	
depreciation	309,576	13,924	0	323,500
Furniture& Equipment, net	\$40,347			\$47,826

Depreciation expense for the year recorded for governmental activities was \$13,924.

Note 4 Employee Retirement Systems

All individuals who work at City Court of Houma, Louisiana are primarily paid by the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government and are consequently members of the State Parochial Employee's Retirement System of Louisiana and the Louisiana State Employee's Retirement System. GASB requires certain disclosures for employers who maintain retirement plans for their employees.

All individuals employed at the City Court of Houma, Louisiana are primarily compensated by others who disclose the required retirement plan information in their separately issued financial statements. The retirement plan mentioned above is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

Note 5 Reimbursement to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government

The Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government (TPCG) pays certain operating costs of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana. These costs include salaries and benefits, supplies, utilities and insurance and are not recognized as expenditures by the City Court of Houma, Louisiana and accordingly, are not included in the basic financial statements. Houma City Court reimburses the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government the excess of an agreed upon monthly budgeted amount (this year that amount is \$71,000 per month or \$372,060 for the year). The total amount paid by the TPCG for these judicial expenditures was \$1,224,060.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note 6 Risk Management

City Court of Houma, Louisiana is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to the public; and natural disasters. To protect against these risks, the District has purchased commercial or other insurance for the losses to which it is exposed.

Note 7 Cooperative Endeavor Agreements – Building Fund

Beginning April 9, 2001 a cooperative endeavor was entered into pursuant to a resolution of the Terrebonne Parish Council to provide for the receipt, accounting and management of fees collected under LRS Title 13, Section 1910 (known as Act 901 fees) that provides for a City Court Building Fund to be "dedicated exclusively to the acquisition, leasing, construction, equipping, and maintenance of new and existing city courts and for the maintenance and payment of any bond indebtedness on any such existing facilities"

The fee of not to exceed \$20 is assessed on all civil and criminal cases filed in the jurisdiction of the Houma City Court. The City Court of Houma collects these fees and remits the fees monthly to the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government to account for these fees as prescribed. The amount collected and remitted for the current year is \$158,408.

Note 8 General Fund – Fund Balance Adjustment – Beginning Net Assets, restated

An adjustment was made to beginning fund balance and to restate the beginning net assets to recognize prior year receivables that were erroneously not recorded. The beginning fund balance and net assets was increased by \$29,366 for this correction of an error.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

Budget Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010					
		Favorable			
	Bud		A	(Unfavorable)	
DEVENUES	Original	Amended	Actual	<u>Variance</u>	
REVENUES					
Charges for services:	• •	A 040 500	A 007.740	A (4.770)	
Criminal fees	\$ 279,948	\$ 242,522	\$ 237,749	\$ (4,773)	
Juvenile fees	94,140	119,453	117,643	(1,810)	
Civil fees	388,656	346,240	368,495	22,255	
Building fees	174,252	165,496	165,496	-	
Intergovernmental revenue	42,624	42,621	42,621	-	
Miscellaneous:					
Interest	16,296	19,205	19,917	712	
Other	7,200	2,294	2,295	1	
Total revenues	<u>1,003,116</u>	937,831	<u>954,216</u>	16,385	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current:					
Reimbursement to Terrebonne					
Parish Consolidated Government	438,612	372,060	372,060	-	
Transfer to Parish for Building Fund	174,252	165,496	165,496	-	
Salaries and employee benefits	66,432	70,167	70,167	-	
Office supplies	44,604	33,973	35,173	(1,200)	
Postage	27,048	22,082	22,082	`-	
Law books, dues and publications	6,924	7,553	7,553	-	
Professional services	49,344	52,022	54,375	(2,353)	
Travel, education and seminars	37,272	43,706	43,706	-	
Telecommunications	19,260	13,331	13,331	-	
Microfilm and computer services	12,060	13,268	-	13,268	
Uniform and clothing allowance	8,340	6,287	6,287	-	
Insurance	3,600	2,490	2,490	_	
Equipment repairs and maintenance	14,964	13,406	25,474	(12,068)	
Interpreter	2,400	2,352	-	2,352	
Miscellaneous	26,280	23,066	23,065	1	
Total current expenditures	931,392	841,259	841,259		
Capital outlay	30,000	21,402	21,403	(1)	
Total expenditures	961,392	862,661	862,662	(1)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	41,724	75,170	91,554	16,386	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	249,824	249,591	249,591	249,591	
Fund Balance - adjustment			29,366	29,366	
Beginning of year, restated	249,824	249,591	278,957	278,957	
End of year	\$ 291,548	\$ 324,761	<u>\$ 370,511</u>	\$ 295,343	

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GAO



STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge. City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana, a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards and the standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City Court of Houma's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

MEMBERS: AICPA . LCPA

Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge. City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information of, management. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document

Stagni & Company

March 17, 2011 Thibodaux, Louisiana

CITY COURT OF HOUMA TERREBONNE PARISH, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana, a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2010 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Reports

NONE

a.	Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements			
	Internal Control Material Weaknesses Significant Deficiencies Compliance Compliance Material to Financial S	Statements	□ Yes X No □ Yes X No □ Yes X No	
b.	Federal Awards N/A			
	Internal Control Material Weaknesses Significant Deficiencies Type of Opinion On Compliance For Major Programs their findings required to be repor 0(a)?	Disclaimer		133, Section
c. I	dentification of Major Programs: N/A			
C	FDA Number (s)	Nam	e of Federal Program	m (or Cluster)
	lar threshold used to distinguish be he auditee a 'low-risk' auditee, as o	• •	2.	
Sec	tion II - Financial Statement Findings			